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Details:

(FORM UPDATED: 08/11/2010)

WISCONSIN STATE LEGISLATURE ... PUBLIC HEARING - COMMITTEE RECORDS

2009-10

(session year)

Senate

(Assembly, Senate or Joint)

Committee on ... Education (SC-Ed)

COMMITTEE NOTICES ...

- Committee Reports ... CR
- Executive Sessions ... ES
- Public Hearings ... PH

INFORMATION COLLECTED BY COMMITTEE FOR AND AGAINST PROPOSAL

- Appointments ... Appt (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)
- Clearinghouse Rules ... CRule (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)
- Hearing Records ... bills and resolutions (w/Record of Comm. Proceedings)

(ab = Assembly Bill)

(ar = Assembly Resolution)

(ajr = Assembly Joint Resolution)

(sb = Senate Bill)

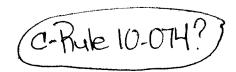
(**sr** = Senate Resolution)

(sjr = Senate Joint Resolution)

Miscellaneous ... Misc

^{*} Contents organized for archiving by: Gigi Godwin (LRB) (August/2011)

204 North Milwaukee Street Fredonia, Wisconsin 53021



State Senator Glen Grothman Room 20 State Capital P O Box 7882 Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7882

Dear Sir;

I am writing you because there is a bill now in the State Senate concerning my children and me. The bill wants to do away with Native American Indians as a logo and a symbol for love, respect, bravery, responsibility, courage, and compassion. I am proud to be an Indian. This bill wants me to become invisible. Wisconsin is full of Native American culture. Four of my children have graduated from Ozaukee High School. They are all proud to be Native Americans and be called warriors. Ozaukee High School uses a painted portrait of an American hero called the warrior.

I have lived in Fredonia for 31 winters and have never felt demeaned, or shown any prejudice against me or my children for being Indian. Now my youngest daughter is a junior at Ozaukee High School. Three summers ago she was chosen as the recipient for Outstanding Citizenship from school. She is also a very talented Shaw Dancer and attends pow-wows at the University of Wisconsin Milwaukee, Milwaukee Area Technical College, Wisconsin State Fair Park, and Indian Summer at Summerfest, Milwaukee

Removing the warrior will actually be removing Native American culture at Ozaukee High School.

The area around here is full of Native American culture and names. Mil-wau-kee is the Native American word for the coming together of the rivers. Waubeka was named after Chief Waubeka, and Kewaskum was named after Chief Kewaskum. This is not just Native American history, but something bigger called Wisconsin history.

I am part of this culture and started my own business here sewing Indian teepees three summers ago. I am proud to say I cut and sew Warrior Teepees. Come to Fredonia and ask anyone where the teepees are made and there will be one standing outside my house as my showroom.

Times have changed. In the past, treaty rights were thrown to the side. The State of Wisconsin took our rights to hunt and spear fish. Finally, a Federal Judge ruled we could hunt, fish, and gather in the northern one third of Wisconsin according to the treaty with the U.S. Government. We were spit on, called names, and had rocks thrown at us at boat

landings. Every tavern in northern Wisconsin had signs posted inside, "SAVE A WALLEYE, SPEAR AN INDIAN".

Times have changed. Now-a-days younger Indian kids feel a pride by being Native Americans. Respect is a path we follow. We show respect to the Creator, Mother Earth, and to all others. We are a large part of Wisconsin's history and culture.

The future of Wisconsin Indian Nations is great. We can make a difference by showing our pride in what we do, where we go, and how we represent Wisconsin and our tribes. Pictures of Native Americans should be everywhere. Not destroyed. It is good for Wisconsin and we are a big part of Wisconsin. North Dakota Tourism uses Native Americans on TV and in newspaper advertisements to bring in millions of tourist dollars.

Please vote to save the Native American logo as a symbol of our culture in all of Wisconsin's high schools. We didn't ask for this change. We don't want this change. Why must we be silent and bow to the wishes of a few. Let them take down pictures of Presidents Washington, Lincoln, and Kennedy in every Wisconsin high school. The progress we have made so far will be erased. Keep us visible like the symbol of our country, the AMERICAN bald eagle.

As I look back in times, I think my daughter won the award for Outstanding Dual Citizenship. Thanks for your time.

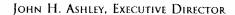
Your Friend Forever

Robert Johns /



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122 W. Washington Avenue, Madison, WI 53703 Phone: 608-257-2622 • Fax: 608-257-8386

TO:

Members, Senate Committee on Education

FROM:

Dan Rossmiller, Government Relations Director,

Wisconsin Association of School Boards

DATE:

September 21, 2010

RE:

Comments on Clearinghouse Rule 10-074, relating the use of race-based

nicknames, logos, mascots and team names by school boards.

2009 Wisconsin Act 250 allows a school district resident to object to the use of a race-based nickname, logo, mascot, or team name by the school district by filing a complaint with the state superintendent. Act 250 also created a presumption that the use of a race-based nickname, logo, mascot, or team name promotes discrimination and it requires school boards to provide clear and convincing evidence to refute that presumption.

Under Act 250, the state superintendent must promulgate rules necessary to implement and administer these provisions and must define whether the use of the race-based nickname, logo, mascot, or team name promotes discrimination, pupil harassment, or stereotyping.

The Wisconsin School Boards Association (WASB) did not testify during legislative consideration of the legislation that led to Act 250. We would generally prefer that issues surrounding logos and mascots be resolved locally; however, we recognize that for every child to succeed and achieve to their highest potential, students must feel safe in our public schools and free from discrimination and harassment. The WASB supported the anti-bullying legislation enacted this session, for example.

We are here today because we sent the language of proposed Clearinghouse Rule 10-074 out to our members to review. Our members called to our attention that, in certain aspects, the proposed rule seems to be overreaching. One of these aspects is found in the attempt to define what nicknames, team names or logos are "unambiguously" race-based.

The rules generally provide that the use of certain nicknames or team names are unambiguously race-based and are presumed to promote discrimination, pupil harassment or stereotyping unless the school district produces clear and convincing evidence refuting this presumption.

The rules also specify that certain nicknames or team names are **unambiguously race-based** if they include any of a number of terms including **arrows**, (others are blackhawks, chiefs, chieftains, hatchets, raiders, red raiders, warriors, or warhawks) and is used in connection with any of the following logos or mascots:

- 1. A depiction of an American Indian person or persons,
- 2. Feathers or feather headdress,
- 3. **Arrows**, bows, spears, tomahawks, stone hatchets, or other historical or traditional American Indian weapons or tools, or
- 4. Historical or traditional American Indian drums, pipes, beadwork, clothing or footwear.

Read literally, the proposed rule sugggests that the use of a nickname such as "arrows" is unambiguously race-based and presumed to promote discrimination, pupil harassment or stereotyping if it is used in conjunction with a logo depicting an arrow.

At least one district currently uses an arrow nickname. This district generally uses a logo that does not depict feathers or a stone arrowhead. The exception is the decal on their football helmets, which depicts an arrow with a feather on it similar to the arrow aspect of the decal used by Florida State University.

This district is in the process of changing that decal on its football helmets to match all of the other arrows logos it uses, all of which are of modern design and have no feathers or stone tip. However, this district faces a dilemma. Even if it makes this change, the proposed rule suggests if its nickname includes "arrow" and it uses an arrow logo in conjunction with this arrow nickname, it may be in violation of the proposed rule.

Arrows are not uniquely Native American. Arrows predate recorded history and are common to most cultures. Nor is the use of feathers on arrows uniquely Native American.

Districts that are attempting in good faith to avoid using what might be considered discriminatory logos or nickname deserve better guidance than the proposed rule provides.





Harvey Gunderson, Ph.D. 13118 12th Street, P.O. Box 667 Osseo, WI 54758 (715) 597 -6668 September 21, 2010

My name is Harvey Gunderson and I live in Osseo. I'm a co-founder with my wife Carol, who is Oneida, of "Religious Americans Against 'Indian' Nicknames & Logos", or RAAINL for short.

Carol and I and 13 other residents of the Osseo-Fairchild School District filed the first complaint under the new law when it went into effect on May 20. Our complaint was that our high school's race-based nickname and logo promotes discrimination, pupil harassment and stereotyping.

At the DPI hearing on our complaint, we submitted 1260 pages of evidence supporting our position while the School Board was only able to find nine pages to submit to support their position. Let me repeat that because it is important. 1260 pages versus 9 pages. The reason for the vast difference is that in every serious research study that has been conducted where a researcher did a study to determine whether race-based athletic policies (1) do or (2) do not promote discrimination, harassment or stereotyping, the evidence has indicated that they do promote these harmful effects. Accordingly, a mountain of research evidence exists supporting our position in contrast with a total absence of peer-reviewed publications indicating race-based nicknames are harmless. Combined with evidence regarding incidents that occurred in our school, DPI found in favor of the complainants.

On behalf of the 15 complainants, the American Indian families that supported our complaint but did not sign on as a complainant to protect their children, and the hundreds of non-Native residents of the Osseo-Fairchild community who want this era of a race-based athletic policy to be part of our community's past instead of our future, we wish to express our deep gratitude to the Senate Education Committee and the Senate for passing this law. Without this law, our community would continue to be mired in controversy for years to come. This will enable our community to finally move on and start to heal.

As Wisconsin citizens who have actually used this new law and the associated emergency administrative rules, we want to register our support for both the law and the administrative rules. They are a major step forward in education civil rights.

As the first Wisconsin residents filing under the new law, we heard both "thank you"s and congratulations from American Indians across the state and entire nation. We want to pass those "thank you"s and congratulations from across the nation on to you legislators who made this important education civil rights milestone possible. Thank you.



Carol S. Gunderson, M.A. 13118 12th Street, P.O. Box 667 Osseo, WI 54758 (715) 597 -6668 September 21, 2010



My name is Carol Gunderson. I'm a member of the Oneida Nation, and I live in Osseo.

You should also be aware that the Gale-Ettrick-Trempealeau School District, which is in the same county where we live, eliminated its race-based nickname the week after the law was signed. Adoption of the law provided the stimulus and the justification the School Board needed to act and to end the divisiveness that has plagued that community for years. Last week, the announcement was made of their newly selected nickname. Television coverage of the happy and excited students again showed that young people typically adapt easily to change whereas it's the older generations that cling desperately to traditional race-based practices that stereotype and cause pupil harassment and discrimination. That's why this law and the administrative rules were needed – to enable a stereotype-free learning environment for all future generations.

We wish to add one comment about the administrative rules. It is important to note what the research shows regarding feathers, arrows, bows and chiefs. Each of these are closely associated with American Indians in the minds of students. Dr. Stephanie Ann Fryberg's research showed that when non-Native students were asked to write the first thoughts or associations that come to mind when thinking about American Indians, feathers, arrows, bows and chiefs are included among the most common responses. This research provides justification for the administrative rules statement that use of feathers, arrows, bows or chiefs indicate that a school nickname has an American Indian identity. An excerpt from Dr. Fryberg's research is provided following my written statement.

Thank you for adopting this important education civil rights law and administrative rules.

Excerpt from pages 20-21 of the affidavit of Dr. Stephanie Ann Fryberg:

Student Associations: 214 non-Native students at the University of Michigan were asked to write the first thoughts or associations that come to mind when thinking about American Indians. Each word or phrase was coded for frequency. The top 20 associations include the following:

Rank	Categories	%	Rank	Categories	%
1	reservation	30.4	11	dark hair	11.2
2	teepees	22.9	12	hunters	11.2
3	brown skin	17.3	13	bow	10.3
4	tribes	16.8	14	nature	10.3
5	feathers	16.4	15	Thanksgiving	9.8
6	arrow	14.0	16	corn	7.9
7	buffalo	14.0	17	dance	7.9
8	casino	14.0	18	horses	7.9
9	chief	12.1	19	Trail of Tears	7.0
10	Cherokee	11.2	20	powwow	6.5

The non-Native students thought about American Indians in fairly stereotyped representations. In general, participants have a particularly limited set of representations they associate to American Indians and many of these representations may impact how American Indians choose to represent themselves.







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Opinion

Community Columnist

Indian team names: It's time to simply do what is right

By Janice M. Eisen

Sept. 13, 2010 (25) Comments

A "long habit of not thinking a thing wrong, gives it a superficial appearance of being right, and raises at first a formidable outcry in defence of custom."

Thomas Paine

It's hard to avoid offending people these days. Everywhere you turn, someone's being offended by what's on TV, the words on a store's sign or an office joke; cartoonist Berke Breathed called this "offensensitivity." But that doesn't mean that nothing is truly offensive.

Some causes of offense are so obvious, so longstanding and so needless that they should rightly be done away with. That's why I was glad when the state Legislature and Gov. Jim Doyle had the political courage to pass a law requiring school districts to drop their race-based team names, mascots and logos upon complaint by a resident and a decision by the state school superintendent.

I say "political courage," because there is little to gain and much to lose by taking that stand. People become attached to team names and mascots with an irrational fervor. Look at the continuing bitterness over Marquette University's 1994 decision to drop the nickname "Warriors." At the district level, school board members have been recalled for voting to change beloved logos.

I don't have the room here to talk about "hostile learning environments" or "institutional racism," and I don't need to. There's a simple reason for us to stop calling our teams the Apaches and the Indians and the Redmen: Native American groups have asked us to. Politely, and repeatedly.

American Indian groups began to address such stereotypical images in the late 1960s and have succeeded in convincing many schools to make changes. The issue heated up again in the 1990s, and by 2001, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights condemned the use of American Indians as mascots, logos and nicknames, as have a large number of outside groups, from the American Psychological Association to the American Jewish Committee.

Closer to home, the Wisconsin Indian Education Association says Indian team nicknames and mascots "present harmful stereotypes of living people and living cultures."

The defense responds that these names and logos are traditional. Many a tradition, from the divine right of kings to having a Democratic Milwaukee County executive, has passed when people realized it was time for a change.

Some claim these mascots honor the native people of this region. But as Superintendent of Public Instruction John T. Benson said in 1994, "How can you be honoring people while they are telling you that what you are doing is demeaning to them?"

Proponents of Indian team names insist they will not give in to "political correctness," today's all-purpose defense against changing one's behavior to make others more comfortable. This stubbornness reflects a lack of empathy, courtesy or both.

The bottom line is that these names and mascots offend and even hurt many of the people we call American Indians. Considering the multitude of wrongs done to these indigenous peoples, is it so unreasonable to ask three dozen schools to change their team names and logos?

Janice M. Eisen of Brookfield is a writer and editor. E-mail janice.eisen@gmail.com

Find this article at: http://www.jsonline.com/news/opinion/102816139.html	
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Community Columnist

Indian team names: All references aren't derogatory

By Dan Bell

Sept. 13, 2010 (2) Comments

Going through some old boxes that have moved with me for decades, I came across my old high school football jersey. Back then, it fit both me and my shoulder pads. Now, I'm not sure it would fit at all. Unlike me, it is in great shape, emblazoned with my alma mater's team name: the "Injuns." A word once used and accepted as a descriptor is now seen as insulting. Time sure changes things.

There is little doubt as to the negative connotation of the word "Injuns." Someone complained, and the team's name was changed in 2005 to the "Indians" (I know, not exactly a big leap but a very important one). The term "Indians" was thought to be non-offensive. New logo? It is a football in flames. No mascot, no depiction/caricature of Native Americans. The offense was removed, case closed.

Words matter, names matter and even perceived slights matter. That is, until they don't.

Now, Mukwonago High School is part of the latest, ever-increasing battle of the perceived slight and the holy grail of political correctness. Some say that the term "Indians" is offensive. The Mukwonago Area School District is fighting to keep the name after a complaint was filed with the state school superintendent. Under a new state law, the superintendent could order the school to change its team name and logo.

I think the district should use the same idea that music artist Prince used when there was a hubbub about using his name. I just want to help, so here goes: "The school district formally known as Mukwonago and its high school team the 'Indigenous Peoples.'&ensp"

It is only a matter of time until someone finds the "Native" in "Native American" to mean something along the lines of "uncivilized" or even "savage." I say let's get ahead of that PC curve and start using "Indigenous Peoples." That is, if we should make any reference at all. We could stop referring to "them" altogether as yet another step toward their final elimination from our consciousness.

Yes, by all means, let's continue the centuries-long effort to make extinct the Indigenous Peoples of

http://www.printthis.clickability.com/pt/cpt?action=cpt&title=Indian+team+names%3A+A... 9/14/2010

North America. It was first done with encroachment, then wars, followed by treaties and, now, stop referring to them altogether as if they never existed.

How is it that a team name, logo or mascot with no ill intent becomes a bigger insult than the genocide and outright land grab that is part of our collective history? Just asking.

Take a look at just about any map, and you'll see that it is littered with names from the many tribes that settled here. What are we thinking?

What is missing here is the realization of a great opportunity. We have a chance to celebrate/honor an ethnic or racial group, exalting their history and their importance to this country and this state. Take away the truly offensive names, logos and mascots, but don't wipe away all references.

Let's still celebrate an important part of this state, our country and our "Indigenous Peoples."

Dan Bell of Caledonia is an adjunct professor at Cardinal Stritch University. E-mail Criticalthinker1@hotmail.com

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